# Safety Data Sheet

# 20433 PM Xeramic Fuel Stabiliser 1Ltr

Issue date 16-May-2014

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the

## company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product Identifier

20433 PM Xeramic Fuel Stabiliser 1Ltr Product name

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	No information available
Uses advised against	No information available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Petromark Automotive Chemicals Rooswijkweg 316, 1951 ME Velsen-Noord, The Netherlands

www.petromark.eu · info@petromark.eu Tel. +31 (0)251 211397

## For further information, please contact Petromark Automotive Chemicals: info@petromark.eu

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Petromark Automotive Chemicals** Tel. +31 (0)251 211397

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Aspiration toxicity

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Hazard symbols Xn - Harmful

R-code(s) Xn:R65 - R66

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

## 2.2. Label Elements

**Product Identifier** Contains Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, N-Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, < 2%Aromatics



Version 2

Category 1 - (H304)



Signal Word DANGER

#### hazard statements

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways EUH208 - Contains N,N-Di-Sec-Butyl-P-Phenylenediamine May produce an allergic reaction EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

## Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008)

P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

### 2.3. Other Hazards

May be harmful in contact with skin Harmful to aquatic life combustible liquid

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

## 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	EC No	CAS No	REACH registration number	Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	weight-%
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, N-Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, < 2%Aromatics	926-141-6	64742-47-8	01-2119456620-43	Xn;R65 R66	EUH066 Asp. Tox. 1 (H304)	>=95
N,N-Di-Sec-Butyl-P-Phenyle nediamine	202-992-2	101-96-2	no data available	Xn;R22 C;R34 R43 Xn;R48/20/21/22 N;R50	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) STOT RE 2 (373) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)	<1
Phenol	203-632-7	108-95-2	no data available	T;R23/24/25 C;R34 Xn;R48/20/21/22 Muta.Cat.3;R68	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Muta. 2 (H341) STOT RE 2 (373)	<0.1
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol	202-679-0	98-54-4	no data available	Xn;R21/22 C;R34 N;R51-53	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)	<0.1

### Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Call a physician. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Immediate medical attention is not required. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors or decomposition products.
Skin contact	Consult a physician if necessary. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Immediate medical attention is not required. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Rub greasy ointment into the skin.
Eye Contact	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Drink plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.
Self-protection of the first aider	Use personal protective equipment as required.
4.2. Most important symptoms and o	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	Respiratory complaints. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. allergic skin reaction.
4.3. Indication of any immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed
Note to physicians	Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically. Observe risk of aspiration if vomiting occurs.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam. Water spray, fog or regular foam. Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Use. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray (fog). Alcohol resistant foam.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point. Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks) Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers Those substances designated with a "P" may polymerize explosively when heated or involved in a fire Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard Substance may be transported hot Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition Risk of ignition

Hazardous combustion products Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Use personal protective equipment as required. Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### **Personal precautions**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray.

Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

### For emergency responders

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment	A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.
Methods for cleaning up	Cover liquid spill with sand, earth or other non-combustible absorbent material. Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or tarp to minimize spreading. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Dam up. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use with local exhaust ventilation. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapor/spray. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

#### General hygiene considerations

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Storage Conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Keep in properly labeled containers.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

### **Risk Management Methods (RMM)**

The information required is contained in this Material Safety Data Sheet.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, N-Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, < 2%Aromatics 64742-47-8	-	-	-	-	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 140 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ceiling / Peak: 40 ppm Ceiling / Peak: 280 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin
Phenol 108-95-2	S* TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 4 ppm STEL: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 7.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA 2 ppm	STEL: 4 ppm STEL: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 7.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin	TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 7.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 4 ppm STEL: 15.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	S* STEL: 4 ppm STEL: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Skin TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol 98-54-4	-	-	-	S*	TWA: 0.080 ppm TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ceiling / Peak: 0.16 ppm Ceiling / Peak: 1.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin TWA: 0.08 ppm
Chemical name	Italy	Portugal	Netherlands	Finland	Denmark
Phenol 108-95-2	TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 7.8 mg/m³ Skin	TWA: 5 ppm	Skin TWA: 8 mg/m³	TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 4 ppm STEL: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 4 mg/m³ Skin
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol 98-54-4	-	-	-	-	TWA: 0.08 ppm TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ Skin
Chemical name	Austria	Switzerland	Poland	Norway	Ireland
Phenol 108-95-2	Skin STEL 4 ppm STEL 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Skin STEL: 5 ppm STEL: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 7.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin STEL: 3 ppm STEL: 12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Skin
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol 98-54-4	Skin STEL 0.4 ppm STEL 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.08 ppm TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 0.16 ppm STEL: 1.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.08 ppm TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Phenol 108-95-2	-	-	-	120	-
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol 98-54-4	-	-	-	-	2 mg/L

Chemical name	Ital	y	Portugal	Netherlands	Finland	Denmark
Phenol	-			-	1.3	-
108-95-2						
Chemical name	Aust	ria	Switzerland	Poland	Norway	Ireland
Phenol 108-95-2	-		250	-	-	-
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol 98-54-4	-		2	-	-	-
Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available						
Predicted No Effect Con (PNEC)	centration	No information available.				
8.2. Exposure controls						
Engineering controls		Provide	adequate ventilation	as well as local exh	austion at critical loca	ations.
Personal Protective Equ Eye/face Protection Hand protection	ipment	Tight sealing safety goggles. Wear protective gloves. To protect the wearer, gloves must be the correct fit and be used properly. Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove material is not exceeded. Refer t glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves.				rect fit and be used ot exceeded. Refer to
Skin and Body Prote	ction	Wear chemical resistant clothing such as gloves, apron, boots or whole bodysuits made from neoprene, as appropriate. Antistatic footwear. Suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves. To protect the wearer, gloves must be the correct fit and be used properly. Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove material is not exceeded. Refer to glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves. Gloves must conform to standard EN 374			le bodysuits made clothing. Wear and be used ot exceeded. Refer to . Gloves must	
Respiratory protection	on type:	Respiratory protection necessary at:. insufficient ventilation. exposure limit overshoot. insufficient exhaust. Handling larger quantities. Use. :. Positive Pressure Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). /. Filtering device (full mask or mouthpiece) with filter.			limit overshoot. are Self-Contained ece) with filter.	
	-,					

**Environmental exposure controls** Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

appearanceNo information availableOdorcharacteristiccolorclearodor thresholdNo information available	able
color     clear     odor threshold     No information availation	able
Property Values Remarks • Method   pH No information available	
Melting point/freezing point No information available	
Boiling point / boiling range > 150 °C / 302 °F	
Flash Point > 62 °C / > 144 °F	
Evaporation Rate No information available	
flammability (solid, gas) No information available	
Flammability Limit in Air	
Upper flammability limit: no data available	
Lower flammability limit: no data available	
vapor pressure no data available @ 20° C	
< 1000.0 hPa @ 50°C	
Vapor Density No information available	
Specific gravity no data available @ 20° C	
0.800 g/cm3 @ 25°C	
Water celubility $p_{1}$ data quailable $p_{2}$ $q_{2}$	
voluer solubility (ies)	

Partition coefficient Autoignition Temperature decomposition temperature Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties

no data available no data available No information available @ 40 °C @ 40 °C

## 9.2. Other information

No information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

no data available.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute Toxicity Product Information** Product does not present an acute toxicity hazard based on known or supplied information. no data available. inhalation **Eye Contact** no data available. Skin contact no data available. no data available. Ingestion Unknown acute toxicity 0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity. No information available. Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation No information available. sensitization No information available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity	No information available.
carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive Toxicity	No information available.
STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration Hazard	No information available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

## 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life 0% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

### Product Information

Acute (short-term) algae toxicity	
EC50	No information available
EC0	No information available
IC50	No information available
IC0	No information available
ErC50	No information available
EbC50	No information available
Acute (short-term) fish toxicity	
LC50	No information available
LC0	No information available
EC50	No information available
EC0	No information available
Acute (short-term) aquatic invertebr	ate toxicity
EC50	No information available
EC0	No information available
Chronic (long-term) algae toxicity	
NOEC	No information available
LOEC	No information available
Chronic (long-term) fish toxicity	
NOEC	No information available

## LOEC

No information available

Chronic (long-term)	aquatic invertebrate toxicity
NOEC	No information available

## LOEC No information available

### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14,	IC50: > 100 mg/l	LC50: > 100 mg/l	EC50: > 100 mg/l
N-Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, <			
2%Aromatics			
Phenol	0.0188 - 0.1044: 96 h	11.9 - 25.3: 96 h Lepomis	10.2 - 15.5: 48 h Daphnia magna
	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	macrochirus mg/L LC50	mg/L EC50 4.24 - 10.7: 48 h
	mg/L EC50 static 187 - 279: 72 h	flow-through 11.9 - 50.5: 96 h	Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static
	Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L	Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
	EC50 static 46.42: 96 h	flow-through 20.5 - 25.6: 96 h	
	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
	mg/L EC50	static 23.4 - 36.6: 96 h Oryzias	
		latipes mg/L LC50 static 33.9 - 43.3:	
		96 h Oryzias latipes mg/L LC50	
		flow-through 34.09 - 47.64: 96 h	
		A 22 7 40: 06 h Opeorbyrobus	
		4.23 - 7.49. 96 II Oncomynemus	
		12 0: 06 h Opeorthypothus myking	
		12.0. 90 IT ONCOMPTICITUS HIVRISS	
		Mg/L LC50 5.449 - 0.769.90 H	
		flow-through 7.5 - 14: 96 h	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50	
		static 0.00175: 96 h Cyprinus carpio	
		mg/L LC50 semi-static 11.5: 96 h	
		Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50	
		semi-static 13.5: 96 h Lepomis	
		macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 27.8:	
		96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50	
		31: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L	
		LC50 semi-static 32: 96 h	
		Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol	11.2: 72 h Desmodesmus	4.71 - 5.62: 96 h Pimephales	3.4 - 4.5: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L
	subspicatus mg/L EC50	promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through	EC50 Static 3.9: 48 h Daphnia
		6.9: 96 h Cyprinus carpio mg/L	magna mg/L EC50
		LC50 static	

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

biodegradation	
biodegradation	No information available
BOD	No information available
ThCO2	No information available
DOC	No information available

Chemical name	biodegradation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, N-Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, < 2%Aromatics	Biodegradation: 69 % (672 h)
64742-47-8	

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

Chemical name	Partition coefficient

Phenol	1.47
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol	2.44

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This preparation contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB). This preparation contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available

### Endocrine Disruptor Information

Chemical name	EU - Endocrine Disrupters Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Endocrine disrupting potential
2,4-Di-Tert-Butyl-Phenol	Group II Chemical	-	-

ISECTION 13: Disposal consideration	rations
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### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
Contaminated packaging	Contaminated packages must be completely emptied and can be re-used following proper cleaning. Clean IBCs or drums at approved facility. Packing which cannot be properly cleaned must be disposed of. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
OTHER INFORMATION	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR	_	
14.1	UN/ID no	Not regulated
14.2	Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
14.3	Hazard Class	Not regulated
14.4	Packing group	Not regulated
14.5	Environmental Hazard	Not applicable
14.6	Special Provisions	None
<u>RID</u>		
14.1	UN/ID no	Not regulated
14.2	Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
14.3	Hazard Class	Not regulated
14.4	Packing group	Not regulated
14.5	Environmental Hazard	Not applicable
14.6	Special Provisions	None
	2	
14 1		Not regulated
14.1	Drener Chinning Neme	Not regulated
14.2	Proper Snipping Name	Not regulated

14.3 Hazard Class	Not regulated
14.4 Packing group	Not regulated
14.5 Marine pollutant	Not applicable
14.6 Special Provisions	None
14.7 Transport in bulk ac	cording to No information available
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	3 and the
IBC Code	
ΙΑΤΑ	

14.1	UN/ID no	Not regulated
14.2	Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
14.3	Hazard Class	Not regulated
14.4	Packing group	Not regulated
14.5	<b>Environmental Hazard</b>	Not applicable
14.6	Special Provisions	None

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### National Regulations

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

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Chemical name	French RG number
Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, N-Alkanes, Isoalkanes, Cyclics, < 2%Aromatics 64742-47-8	RG 84
Phenol 108-95-2	RG 14

Storage class

#### **European Union**

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

### International Inventories

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists TSCA (United States):, Canada (DSL/NDSL), Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), Australia (AICS), South Korea (KECL):, China (IECSC), ENCS (Japan):, Philippines (PICCS).

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment has not been carried out. Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

## Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

R66 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

R65 - Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

R34 - Causes burns

R50 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms

R43 - May cause sensitization by skin contact

R22 - Harmful if swallowed

R48/20/21/22 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H341 - Suspected of causing genetic defects if inhaled

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Revision note

Not applicable.

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

### End of Safety Data Sheet